## APRIL DATA

April was ushered in with anticyclonic conditions influencing the weather of the U.K. and much of northwestern Europe whilst the Mediterranean suffered from low-pressure systems and periods of very stormy and unseasonable weather. After a spell of light rain on the 1<sup>st</sup> the weather settled down, becoming sunny and very warm for the time of the year. With winds initially in the west, moist air spread across the country but this changed as the winds took on an easterly component bringing in exceptionally dry, but much cooler air from the 2<sup>nd</sup> onwards. The week was very sunny with a total of 55.6 hours recorded, the highest daily value being 12.1 hours on the 6<sup>th</sup>. No day was sunless during the week.

Rainfall was sparse with just 2.8mm/0.11in recorded over 2 days, the remainder of the week being completely dry. The bare soil gradually dried out to become dusty by the end of the week. Radiation levels rose gradually peaking at 742 watts per square metre on the  $2^{nd}$  with a daily radiation total of 280.4 kilowatts per square metre being recorded on the  $7^{th}$ . The maximum air temperature of  $19.2^{\circ}$ C/ $66.6^{\circ}$ F was noted on both the  $3^{rd}$  and  $4^{th}$  with an air minimum of  $1.7^{\circ}$ C/ $35.1^{\circ}$ F on the  $7^{th}$ . Ground frost occurred on the  $7^{th}$  with a grass minimum of  $-0.4^{\circ}$ C/ $31.3^{\circ}$ F.

The dry spell continued into the second week, though temperatures fell back as winds became more north-easterly in direction and pressure remained high to the north east of the country. Night minimum air-temperatures fell to a low of  $-2.3^{\circ}\text{C}/27.9^{\circ}\text{F}$  on the 8<sup>th</sup> with grass minimum temperatures as low as  $-4.1^{\circ}\text{C}/24.6^{\circ}\text{F}$  on the same night. It continued sunny though totals gradually fell back as more cloud encroached from the North Sea from the  $11^{th}$  onwards. An air maximum temperature of  $13.4^{\circ}\text{C}/56.1^{\circ}\text{F}$  was recorded on the 8<sup>th</sup>, radiation levels being as high as 766 watts per square metre on the  $11^{th}$ . Under clear skies ground frost was recorded on the three consecutive nights April  $11^{th}$  to  $13^{th}$ , the temperature falling as low as  $-2.9^{\circ}\text{C}/26.8^{\circ}\text{F}$  on the  $13^{th}$ .

By now the dry spell had lasted 11 days and plants were beginning to feel the strain, though a slight measure of relief occurred during the night of the  $14^{th}/15^{th}$  when 1.1 mm/0.04 in of rain fell. By the  $14^{th}$  signs of a break in the weather was beginning to show as a frontal system moved south-eastwards across the country and pressure began to fall to the west.

The third week began with a return to the dry conditions with predominantly high pressure prevailing around the UK, both the 15<sup>th</sup> and 16<sup>th</sup> providing well over 11 hours sunshine each. The week as a whole was dominated by a westerly airflow though the 17<sup>th</sup> did produce a slight frost in the air of just  $-0.1^{\circ}\text{C}/31.8^{\circ}\text{F}$ , the frost on the ground on the 16<sup>th</sup> reaching  $-1.7^{\circ}\text{C}/28.9^{\circ}\text{F}$ . Daytime temperatures began to rise appreciably and by the  $21^{\text{st}}$  these were peaking at  $19.1^{\circ}\text{C}/66.4^{\circ}\text{F}$ . The temperature range over the week was  $19.2^{\circ}\text{C}/34.6^{\circ}\text{F}$ , quite exceptional for April and so early in the year. The week's sunshine total reached 47.9 hours with sunshine every day. However, we did have some rain, the weekly total amounting to 3.5 mm/0.14 in, unlike many areas of the country that were by now experiencing drought conditions. Radiation temperatures were now reaching the  $50^{\circ}\text{C}/122^{\circ}\text{F}$  mark, peaking at  $52^{\circ}\text{C}/125.6^{\circ}\text{F}$  on the  $19^{\text{th}}$  accompanied by high radiation values, these peaking at 941 watts per square metre on the  $20^{\text{th}}$ .

The beginning of the fourth week saw little in the way of a change in the prevailing weather conditions, pressure remaining high with a good ridge from the Azores high influencing the country. The dry spell continued with good sunshine totals also being experienced, the  $23^{rd}$  producing 11.4 hours of bright sunshine and a maximum air temperature of  $21.7^{\circ}\text{C}/71.1^{\circ}\text{F}$ . Winds remained westerly and light, no gust so far in the month exceeding the 29knots/35mph set on the  $6^{th}$ . The dry spell began to break on the  $25^{th}$  as rain spread in from the west, a total of 1.1 mm/0.04 in falling on this day. From then to the end of the month rain fell every day, some being quite heavy on the  $28^{th}$  and  $29^{th}$  with falls of 10.3 mm/0.41 in and 10.7 mm/0.42 in respectively. This was by far the wettest part of the month. However, it remained sunny, no day of the month being totally sunless.

By the 26<sup>th</sup> radiation levels topped 1 kwatt/sq metre for the first time reaching 1.008 kwatt/sq metre. A line squall occurred on the 28<sup>th</sup> with winds gusting from 10knots/12mph to 39 knots/46.8mph in a few seconds accompanied by heavy hail, sufficient falling to enable "balls" to be made. The radiation temperature of 54.7C/130.5F on the 24<sup>th</sup> set a new record for April on this site, beating the 54.4C/129.9F previously set in 1964.